		DATE:
	XI-SCI : Maths Conic Section,	TIME: 1 Hours 30 Minutes
Quality Checkers		MARKS: 25
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Note:-

- 1. All Questions are compulsory.
- 2. Numbers on the right indicate full marks.

Section A

Q.1. Select and write the correct answer.

- 1. The line y = mx + 1 is tangent to the parabola $y^2 = 4x$ if m is
 - A) 1 B) 2
 - C) 3 D) 4
- 2. Eccentricity of the parabola x^2 -4x-4y+4=0 is
 - A) e = 1 B) e = -1
 - C) e = 0 D) e < 1

Q.2. Answer the following.

- 1. Find the eccentricity of an ellipse, if the distance between its directrix is three times the distance between its foci.
- 2. Find the co-ordinates of a point of the parabola

 $y^2 = 8x$ having focal distance 10.

- 3. Find the
 - (i) lengths of the principal axes
 - (ii) co-ordinates of the foci
 - (iii) equations of directrices
 - (iv) length of the latus rectum
 - (v) distance between foci
 - (vi) distance between directrices of the curve

$$\frac{x^2}{25} + \frac{y^2}{9} = 1$$

Section B Attempt any Four

- Q.3 Find the equation of the locus of a point the tangents form which to the ellipse $3x^2 + 5y^2 = 15$ (2) are at right angles.
- Q.4 For each of the following parabolas, find focus, equation of the directrix, length of the latus (2) rectum, and ends of the latus rectum $2y^2 = 17x$
- Q.5 Find the equation of the ellipse in standard form if the length of major axis 10 and the distance **(2)** between foci is 8.
- Q.6 Find the equation of the ellipse in standard form if the dist. between its directrix is 10 and (2) which passes through $\left(-\sqrt{5}, 2\right)$

(3)

(4)

Q.7	Find the equation of the tangent to the parabola $y^2 = 8x$ at t = 1 on it.		
Q.8	For the parabola y^2 = 4x, find the co-ordinates of the point whose focal distance is 17.	(2)	
Section C Attempt any Two			
Q.9	If the tangent drawn from the point (–6, 9) to the parabola y^2 = kx are perpendicular to each other, find k.	(3)	
Q.10	Find co-ordinates of focus, equation of directrix, length of latus rectum and the co-ordinates of end points of latus rectum of the parabola : $3x^2 = 8y$	(3)	
Q.11	A circle whose centre is (4, –1) passes through the focus of the parabola x^2 + 16y = 0. Show that	(3)	

Section D Attempt any One

(4)

Q.12 Find the
$$\frac{x^2}{144} - \frac{y^2}{25} = 1$$

- (i) lengths of the principal axes
- (ii) co-ordinates of the foci
- (iii) equations of directrices
- (iv) length of the latus rectum
- (v) distance between foci
- (vi) distance between directrices of the curve

the circle touches the diretrixs of the parabola.

Q.13 Two tangents to the parabola $y^2 = 8x$ meet the tangent at the vertex in P and Q. If PQ = 4, prove (4) that the locus of the point of intersection of the two tangents is $y^2 = 8(x + 2)$.